THE RELEVANCY OF THE TORAH
IM DERECH ERETZ IDEAL

I.

God's Torah obligates us to the never-ending, unadulterated fulfillment of its precepts (V. 4, 2.). It makes allowance for the temporary neutralization of a law (Yebamoth 90) if such action helps to secure the strengthening, salvation and survival of God's Torah (such as Elijah's sacrifices on Mount Carmel at a time when sacrifices were prohibited outside of the Sanctuary). Cases of this nature are mentioned in the Talmud (Brachot 54, Yoma 69, a.o.) under the title of Horo'as Sho'oh, referring to measures taken in certain circumstances to strengthen the Law of Torah.

Rav Hirsch's concept of Torah im Derech Eretz — shared by his rabbinical contemporaries and disciples — is too well known to warrant renewed discussion in these pages. He viewed it as the only possible way in which the sons and daughters of our people were to prove and maintain themselves as proud members of the Nation of God, in ideology as well as action, in the midst of a cultural surrounding of an entirely different orientation. The life of the Yehudi in the business world, equipped with all available skills, as well as the life of the academician (as teacher, physician, lawyer, engineer a. o.) were to be elevated to a true Kiddush Hashem. Or should these professions be left to those who are estranged from Torah Judaism?
Rav Hirsch and the proponents of his ideology were fully aware that their approach to Jewish education and professional training would also claim victims. They regretted this deeply but they saw no other way. They were equally cognizant of the disapproval of their course by rabbinical leaders in other countries. The following is characteristic for Rav Hirsch’s thinking: to an inquiry which reached him from one of the countries of Eastern Europe regarding the nature and acceptability of the Torah im Derch Eretz precept, he replied that the question would have to be decided by the local rabbinical authorities (in the East).

A point to ponder: how many victims may have been claimed by the rejection of the Torah im Derch Eretz ideology?

II.

Certain circles which found it difficult to remain unaware of the greatness of Rav Hirsch maintain that his demand of Torah im Derch Eretz was but a Horo'as Sho'oh essentially prohibited for the Torah-true Jew and only found necessary for the salvation and strengthening of Torah. It is claimed that its validity, as that of every Horo'as Sho’oh, is limited to the conditions of life prevailing in the time of Rav Hirsch.

Anyone who has but a fleeting insight into the life and work of Rav Hirsch will realize that his Torah im Derch Eretz formula was never intended by him as a Horo'as Sho’oh. “Our school must be governed by the spirit of Torah im Derch Eretz; at no time and circumstances may it give up these principles (of Torah im Derch Eretz education)”, thus he states firmly in a draft of by-laws for his Kehilla. Or shall we listen to Rav Hirsch in his famed polemical essay against the Breslau Seminary (Coll. Writings, Vol. VI, p. 392-3): “Ever since we have begun to make our modest contribution to the Jewish cause by speech, pen and deed, it was and is our wholehearted endeavor to present and advocate the most intimate union between Judaism — total,
unadulterated Judaism — and the spirit of all true science and knowledge . . . we maintain that our whole future, with all ideological and social problems the solution of which is eagerly awaited by mankind, belongs to Judaism, full, unabridged Judaism . . . because we can view the welfare and future of Judaism only in the framework of the most intimate union with the spirit of true science and knowledge of every age, we are the most outspoken foes of all false science and knowledge, foes of every attempt, in the guise of science, to lay the ax to the roots of our Jewish Sanctuary . . . for if there were no alternative and we had only the choice between Judaism and Science, then there simply would be no choice and every Jew would unhesitatingly make his decision . . . rather to be a Jew without science than Science without Judaism. But, thank God, this is not the case . . .”

Does this Hirschian demand for Torah im Derech Eretz bear the slightest resemblance to a Horo’as Sho’oh?

III.

Let us for a moment assume that the Torah im Derech Eretz precept was indeed a Horo’as Sho’oh (which it decidedly was not): there is a type of Horo’as Sho’oh which remains valid for an indefinite period of time if the conditions which brought it about last for many centuries. This is borne out by the following: it is common knowledge that the Torah prohibited the written documentation of the Torah Sheb’al Peh (II 34, 27; Gittin 60). Pressing circumstances and the increasing dispersion of our people, posing a severe threat to the survival of the “Oral Teaching”, led to the writing of Mishna and Talmud, a Horo’as Sho’oh. As the conditions which resulted in this emergency measure continued to prevail throughout the ensuing centuries until our own time, this Horo’as Sho’oh became a permanent institution — and thus was born our immense Torah literature.
We ask: are the conditions which led Rav Hirsch and the rabbinical leaders to the supposed Horo’as Sho’oh of Torah im Derech Eretz any less valid in our own time? Are they not rather more acute and far more pressing? Is it any less vital for our contemporary youth to comprehend “Judaism from within”, to imbue themselves with the consciousness of the true meaning of being a Jew and of the lofty nature of their people’s God-willed convocation to which they are to dedicate their lives in loyal devotion? Is it any less important in our time that our youth, equipped with thorough Torah knowledge, strengthens its unshakeable determination to help the Divine Will to rule over their lives in surroundings poisoned by atheistic and materialistic slogans? To absorb of cultural values only that which is worthwhile and noble and to accept only those scientific theories which fit in the framework of the Divine Science — such Torah im Derech Eretz should be any less needed in our time?

We would have every reason to be grateful to Divine Providence if it were to send us a Rav Hirsch in our confused age in order to guide our sons and daughters with his Torah im Derech Eretz ideology on the only possible road of survival; in order to strengthen them in their fight against the dangers which lurk in the world that surrounds them; in order to demonstrate that before the Torah im Derech Eretz precept which proclaims the rulership of God’s Torah in the life of the Yehudi, all phantom Judaism, masquerading as so-called reform and conservative Judaism, are revealed in their miserable meaninglessness (which will finally cause Torah-true rabbis and organizations to abstain from their treasonous course of recognizing the types of so-called Judaism as acceptable “movements” within Jewry). Would that we had a Rav Hirsch and the Torah im Derech Eretz formula to help the Jewish State rising on holy soil in our time to achieve its only possible permanence as Torah State! Is it conceivable,
against this background, to consider the Torah im Derech Eretz precept, a Horo’as Sho’oh designed to satisfy the need of an era long past?

IV.

Times may have changed. But the problems have remained essentially the same. We must solve them along the course as it has been charted for us. Are we really certain that our children will remain true to their calling if we create for them an artificial ghetto?

Half-heartedness and compromise are never acceptable but they are virtually fatal in the area of education. Only an unwavering, straight forward course will lead to success. We neither look for nor require the agreement or approval of those who prefer a different course. Their criticism does not touch us. We certainly respect the ideology of other circles provided their course is also an unmistakably consequent one.

As for us, let us do our best to promote and fulfill the Torah im Derech Eretz ideal in its true spirit and let us protect it from regrettable misuse and misinterpretation.

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A personal footnote: on the day before he passed away, my father s.z.l told me: “I am firmly convinced that the way shown by Rav Hirsch s.z.l. will be Mekarev haGeulah”. A sacred testament.